

## **CROSS SMART SENSOR**

# **RG7** Radar Level Gauge

DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY FOR OPTIMIZED MEASURES



#### **FEATURES & BENEFITS**

- Non-contact measuring
- Non-mechanical moving parts
- High accuracy: ±2mm
- High reliability, Easy maintenance
- High sensitivity
- Density, Pressure and Temperature less affected
- Ex-proof mode is optional
- Up to 30m Max. by 4" Cone Antenna
- Integral mode RG7 with display is optional
- Internal Signal Conditioning, RS485 Modbus Digital signals allow up to 300-meters long communication between the Sensor and the GDC.



#### **DESCRIPTIONS**

RG7 measures the level by transmitting radar pulses towards the object and receiving its echoes. The level is decided by the pulses travel time that is proportional to the distance between the sensor and the object surface.

Upon reception, the microprocessor that runs the intelligent software in the sensor head analyzes the echoes, transforms them into the surface level values, and outputs the data. Since the radar pulses are hardly affected by the tank content and its environment like temperature and pressure, radar measurement is proven to be the most reliable gauging method in most applications.

Additionally, because of the fact that the radar sensor is not physically contacting with the measured object, there is almost no maintenance required for the sensor.



#### **APPLICATIONS**

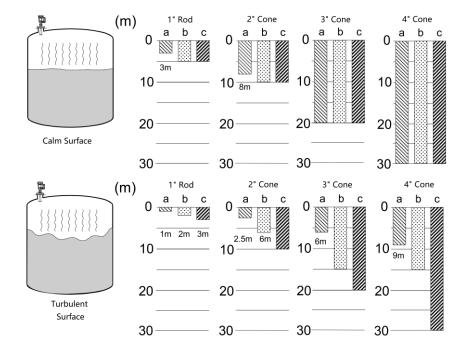
RG7 is available to measure both of calm surface liquid such as storage tanks or buffer tanks and ruffled surface liquid such as reactor tanks.

- Chemical and petrochemical
- Refinery
- Pharmacy
- Food and beverage

Also, it will be available in water industrial such as:

- River intake gate
- Process in waterworks
- Water reservoir
- Waste water treatment plant
- Hydraulic power station
- River and dam
- Coolant pit in steel process

### **ANTENNA MEASURING DISTANCE (REFERENCE)**



- $\odot$  a: Oil, Hydraulic carbon, Manly petroleum industry  $(\varepsilon_r=1.8{\sim}4.0)$
- b: Alcohol, Acid ( $\varepsilon_r = 4.0 \sim 10$ )
- c: Water base liquid ( $\varepsilon_r \geq 10$ )

## Cross Smart Sensor

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Radar Level			
Principle	Transit-Time between transmitting and receiving radar pules		
Measurement Object	Liquid Relative permittivity $\varepsilon_r \geq 1.8$		
	Granular Solid		
	Powder		
Max. Range	4" Cone Antenna	30m	
	3" Cone Antenna	20m	
	2" Cone Antenna	10m	
	Rod Antenna	10m, Suitable for corrosive (strong conductive) medium	
Accuracy	Cone Antenna	±2mm	
	Rod Antenna	±3mm	
Half-power Beam Angle	Cone Antenna	8°	
	Rod Antenna	25°	
Microwave	26GHz		
Power Consumption	<5μW		
Respond Time	1s		
Process Pressure	-0.1MPa to 1.5MPa		
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 85°C		
Process Temperature	Cone Antenna	-60°C to 250°C	
	Rod Antenna	-40°C to 150°C	
Display (Optional)	Level, Distance, %, mA, Signal Strength, Temperature		
Ex-proof (Optional)	Ex-ia	Ex ia IIC T6 Ga	
	Ex-d+ia	Ex d ia IIC T6 Ga	
Waterproof	NEMA4X, IP66		
Wiring Port	M20×1.5(2), cable glan	M20×1.5(2), cable gland, Blind plug for Ex-proof	

### **O**RDER **C**ODE

RG7 F	RG7 Radar Level Gauge					
	-L	Liquid				
	-S	Granular Solid or Powder				
		02H 2" Cone Antenna				
		<b>03H</b> 3" Cone Antenna				
		<b>04H</b> 4" Cone Antenna				
		01R Rod Antenna, Suitable for corrosive (strong conductive) medium				
		N Remote Type without Display				
		A Integrated Type with LCD Display				
				R RS485 Modbus to GDC		
				A 4~20mA with HART for Integrated Type		
RG7	-L	04H	A	A		